NEW RULES FOR THE SENATE SURE TO COME. LAST WEEK'S EXPERIENCE PROVES THAT MORE BUSINESS-LIKE METHODS MUST BE ADOPTED

IF LEGISLATION IS TO BE ACCOM-

(BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] Washington, Oct. 15.-The parliamentary struggle which ended on Friday morning is probably the last serious "test of physical endurance" the United States Senate will ever and, as a means of settling great questions of fiscal policy, it is a lamentable failure. The time has therefore come when men who have for years kept the traditional customs of the Senate warm in their hearts say there must be a change. They are slow to come to that conclusion, for each has some fond recollection of the time when this same practice has served him to defeat the will of some majority, and there is still a lingering fear and reluctance lest at some time in the future there may be a majority on the wrong side of some question. It is sad to contemplate the destruction of a weapon used so often and so effectively. But the public has at last come to see that it is a dangerous weapon, loaded at both ends; so it is destined soon to be laid away where it can do no damage.

The test of physical endurance is merely the outcome of the general practice of the Senate. It is a practice that delights the imagination and warms the blood of such men as Dubois and Wolcott, whom perhaps it reminds of the days when they have stood on the rush line or pulled an oar in a university crew. To men like Stewart, Jones, Morgan, and the suddenly developed Allen, it is a test of lungsa health exercise—and there is little that is unusual and trying in it to Senators who are in the habit of playing poker and other games which go best late at night and early in the morning. But since all Senators are not gifted with inexhaustible lung power, with muscles of iron, or with a passion for nocturnal sport, a protracted spell of legislation is neither profitable nor edifying to the whole body. The plain truth is that the do-nothing rules of the Senate have been preserved all these years for the reason that it is not as often that Senators want to do something as it is that they want to do nothing, and they are generally willing to undergo some inconvenience and disappointment in order to preserve a means of avoidance to be availed of at opportune times.

The House has gone through the experience of having its business blocked by filibustering. For years it was in as bad a state as is the Senate, but the experience of the last three Congresses has demonstrated that no great injury comes to the people from having a legislative body that can do something. The House in this special session has already done a considerable amount of work, and done it quickly. There is probably not a measure before it, having the support of a majority, which will not be acted on. Yet no great disaster seems imminent from the overthrow of the antique privilege of the minority to filibuster a bill to death. This objectlesson and the farcical exhibition of the Senate in its great act of tying its own hands behind it and then trying to untie them with its teeth is surely going to lead to the adoption of some rules which admit of business being done. There will probably not be any power vested anywhere hastily to cut off proper debate, for there is no question that discussions do at times change majorities in that body, but there will be something done to fix a time limit at some stage of the procedure. Senate, but the experience of the last three Constage of the procedure.

HOW ECONOMY WORKS.

THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT UNABLE TO KEEP PUBLIC BUILDINGS CLEAN, TO SAY NOTH-ING OF HAVING GOOD SERVICE.

Washington, Oct. 15 .- The insufficiency of some of the appropriations made by the last Congress was called to the attention of the House yesterday in a letter to Speaker Crisp from W. E. Curtis, Acting Secretary of the Treasury. Mr. Curtis asks dditional appropriation for the current year of \$165,290 for the pay of assistant custodians and janitors of public buildings under control of the Treasury Department. He says:

was \$580,000, an amount wholly inadequate and was \$55,000 less than the appropriation for the payment for the same service for the last fiscal year. The amount appropriated has been apportioned as required by the act, so as to prevent a deficiency, to accomplish which, however, required a reduction in the custodians forces, already in a crippled condition, owing to the insufficiency of the appropriation for the previous year. Many of the buildings are without fremen, and requests are received daily for additional help in order that the buildings may be kept clean, the temperature at a comfortable degree and the heating apparatus operated with safety and economy. The elevator service has been necessarily discontinued in a number of buildings, and so impaired in its operation in others as to afford but inadequate accommodation. There are now 211 buildings occupied and nine new ones will be ready for occupancy within the next five months. The department has exhausted list resources and unless additional appropriation is made the unclean and discreditable condition of some of the buildings cannot be remedied, the business interests of the Government will be greatly embarrassed and the officials in the buildings subjected to inconvenience and discomfort." \$75,000 less than the appropriation for the payment

Washington, Oct. 15.-Secretary Carlisle vesterday requested the resignation of G. W. Casilear, Calef Engraver of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing. On November 1, Thomas r. Morris, of New-York, will succeed Mr. Casilear. Mr. Merris, is represented to stand at the top of his profession. The salary of the place is \$1.500 per annum.

Every one who believes in a decent and an hones State government should register on Wednesday. Then he can vote. If you think that a thief should be a member of the Court of Appeals please do not register, but if you wish that court to be made up-of houest men

GROWTH OF THE FREE SINGING CLASSES. .. The People's Singing Classes got into working will be given to probably 1,500 or 2,000 more per-sons than were instructed last season. Four classes were begun yesterday. At Aschenbroedel Hall, No. 146 East Eighty-sixth-st, there were 500 ap-plicants for admission. Miss Sara L. Dunning has charge of this class. Mr. Damrosch opened the one in Adelphi Hall, Fifty-second-st, and Broadway. This class has already 400 members. It will be in charge of Miss L. Lee. She finished the lesson with 406 members yesterday afternoon. The largest class of all-the one in Cooper Union-was in ed by Mr. Damrosch. It has about 1,500 mem-

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may be seen at its best in our warerooms just Louis XVI, and the classical Empire. For the drawing-room, mahogany furniture, both inlaid and carved, is to be seen in the greatest

Some patterns are stately and clegant, some int and odd. Together they make an exbition that is unusually beautiful. Visit it, and lete our prices, even if you don't buy at

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IMPORTANT BILLS INTRODUCED IN CON-GRESS AFFECTING THE SERVICE.

THE RETIREMENT OF OFFICERS AND MEN IN THE NAVY-GREAT SUCCESS OF THE TRIAL OF THE MAINE'S ARMOR PLATES.

[BY TRLEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] Washington, Oct. 15.—There is no abatement to the number of bills introduced in Congress which affect the Army and Navy. This is particularly true of the House, where the friends of officers durance" the United States Senate will ever and enlisted men display much interest in the indulge in. The "test of endurance" is a two branches of the service. For many reasons nastime for younger men. Physical strength the most important bill so far introduced this not a necessary quality of statesmanship, session is that of Representative Curtis, of New-York, repealing the provisions of the current Army Appropriation act which prohibit the re-enlistment of privates who have served in the ranks for ten years or more, or who are over thirty-five years of age. The provisions affected by the bill are known in the Army as the "Obnoxious Proctor The bill contains a section which says in effect that hereafter the term of enlistment in the Army shall be three years and that no soldier shall be re-enlisted for the second term who is not specially well qualified for the military serfaithful. This section is looked upon with much favor by the military authorities, as in their opinion it rightfully leaves to them a determination as to the number and character of men to be retained in the service. The proposed change of the term of a man's enlistment from five years, as at present, to three years, is a new departure which is advocated by many officers as advisable, everything considered. It is said that both Secretary Lamont and General Schofield will give their approval to the provision of the bill. In that event it will be passed by Congress. Two private bills, moneys paid to certain civilians in accordance another authorizing the restoration to the active list in the cavalry branch of Captain Francis M. Gibson, retired, have also been introduced in the

> important relate to the retirement of officers and men. That respecting officers provides that one who has served through his grade and becomes entitled to promotion, and who is found upon examination to be mentally and morally but not physically qualified to perform the duties of the next high grade by reason of wounds or other inshall be placed upon the retired list with the rank which he would have received but for physical in-capacity. At present officers of the Navy are forced to retire without advancement when found physi-cally unfit upon an examination for promotion. Officers of the Army and Marine Corps are re-tired under these conditions with the next high The new bill is generally regarded as a just measure, and one which should be passed. It will receive the approval of Secretary Herbert. The retirement bill for men provides that when an enlisted man appointed petty officer, pay clerk or captain's clerk has served as such for twentyyears continuously or otherwise in the Army, Navy or Marine Corps, he shall, by making application to the President, be placed upon the retired list with the rank or rating held by him at that time. He is to receive 75 per cent of the pay and allow ances to which he is then entitled. In case the class of men named served at least one year in the volunteers or regulars during the War of the Rebellion, and subsequently completed twenty years of service, retirement under the same conditions is authorized under the bill. A bill authorizing the ad-vancement, on the retired list, to the grade of rear-admiral of Commodore Louis C. Sartori, re-

authorized under the bill. A bill authorizing the advancement, on the retired list, to the grade of rear-admiral of Commodore Louis C. Sartori, retired, has also been introduced in the House. Commodore Sartori was retired in 1874. If advanced as provided for in the bill, he would take precedence in rank next after Hear-Admiral Almy. The joint resolution introduced in the House several days ago authorizing Commander Dennis W. Mullan to accept a medal presented by Chill as a memento of his presence at the battles of Chorillos and Marafores during the war with Peru, has been introduced in the Senate.

reports siven out to-day by naval officers who witnessed the trials of armor plate held yesterday afternoon at the Indian Head proving grounds show that the experiments were more satisfactory in every way than any which have heretofore taken place. The plate tested was a piece of the Maine's twelve-inch side armor. It has been manufactured for experimental purposes only. Much interest attaches therefore to the trial of yesterday. The plate was secured to the usual backing and placed against the high earth butt at Indian Head. The gun used was of the eight-inch type. It discharred projectiles weighing 250 pounds, behind which were eighty pounds of powder. The muzzie energy of each projectile was about 5,000 foot-tons, the velocity being sufficient to penetrate 18.55 inches of ordinary steel. Only two shots were fitted at the plate. The first shot had a velocity of 1,678 foot-seconds. It struck about the centre of the plate. Only the point penetrated and that only about two inches. The projectile was showed neither frige nor cracks, the natural curling outward of the eiges of it rebounding to a distance to 200 feet. The injury to the plate was triffing. Where in former trials a noticeable fringe, discoloration and many fine cracks on the surface at the shot hole were observable. The busice to the rear was of in this round. The second shot struck the plate toward the centre of the left end. The velocity attained by the

trial was that the tests proved that service plates for the Navy showed advantages over foreign plates greater than those developed in purely experimental plates.

The Office of Naval Intelligence has issued its annual report for 1800, showing naval progress at home and abroad during the last year. Although less complete than previous publications of the kind, the present volume contains much information of interest. Its chief purpose is to present an authentic and connected account of the recent naval rendezvous and review. The account was prepared by Lieutenant G. H. Peters. It is comprehensive and of permanent value. To the lot of the same officer fell the duty of compiling notes on the foreign naval manoeuvres of 1822. The evolutions of the navies of England, France, Germany and Japan, together with maps of the places where they occurred, are given in the article, Lieutenant J. C. Colwell furnishes a paper on administration and personnel. It relates to England, France, Germany, Italy, Austria and Russia, and describes the changes which have taken place in those countries during the last year. This subject is of particular interest at this time, in view of the contemplated changes in the naval person nel at home. The fourth article in the annual was compiled by Lieutenant E. J. Dorn, it relates to ships, and describes briefly the progress in construction here and abroad. Lieutenant E. F. Qualtrough's article on gunnery development in countries which lay claim to originality contains information which sustains the position taken by the Navy Department. It shows that the tendency abroad is to favor lighter calibre guns for ships. England is conspicuous in this direction, having determined to place guns of only twelve-inch in the new, big battleships recently authorized, Guns of about fifty tons weight are found capable of penetrating any armor which is likely to be met. Austria will not exceed 3.45 inches calibre in length. Italy has joined other naval Powers in length. Italy has joined other naval Powers in l

A BIG SUNDAY CROWD AT THE FAIR.

Chicago, Oct. 15.-The paid admissions to-day at

the World's Fair were \$1.760.

The Governor-General of Canada and Lady Aberdeen arrived yesterday and raid a visit of ceremony to the Administration Building at the World's Fair, where they were received by Director-General Lavis, and Prevident Highlandson. They Itivis and President Higinbotham. They next Itivis and President Higinbotham. They next visited Victoria House and afterward went to the Irish Village, organized by Lady Aberdeen, There they were received by the staff and workers of the village, the band playin; "God Save the Queen," and the British flag flying. The Canadian Commissioners are arranging a special reception for Lord and Lady Aberdeen on Wednesday.

THE LAST "PHYSICAL TEST." NEWS OF ARMY AND NAVY. CONFIDENCE IN THE RANKS.

BROOKLYN REPUBLICANS SATISFIED WITH MR. SCHIEREN'S NOMINATION.

OTHER NAMES ADD STRENGTH TO THE TICKET -CONVENTIONS TO BE HELD THIS EVEN-ING-INDEPENDENTS WILL SUPPORT

THE REPUBLICAN TICKET. Many harbingers of victory in the Mayoralty ampaign in Brooklyn were seen by the Repubicans of the city yesterday in the action taken by day in nominating Charles A. Schleren, presiden of the Brooklyn Young Republican Club, for Mayor. The fact was recalled that Seth Low held the same responsible position when he was nominated for Mayor twelve years ago. Like Mr. Low, Mr. Schleren will have to resign both his office and membership in the club before accepting the nomination. Like Mr. Low, also, he will have the support of all the independent political organ izations in the city, which are in much better shape for effective work now then they were then. tention to business. He is a capable and effective lar in the many circles where he is known. While the friends of Francis H. Wilson regretted that he was not the candidate by unanimous vote, it was felt that had he been nominated by a majority vote only, with the support of ex-Senator Worth the independent bodies would have been chary of affiliating themselves with his supporters. When the delegates were carefully canvassed before the convention it was found that Mr. Wilson would not receive the votes of half of them, and he refused to permit his name to be presented. The name of William Culien Bryant, publisher of "The Brooklyn Times," was then decided apon by th our votes, sixteen less than a majority. The facfour votes, sixteen less than a majority. The fact that the convention expressed the real sentiments of the mass of Republican voters, as manifested in the primaries, under the reorganization of the party, and that efforts to control it were defeated, will go far toward establishing the belief that under the new system the people can select the candidates they desire, and that no mere machine methods can override their will. The convention was composed in good part of men who have not heretofore taken part in public political action.

ASSURANCES OF SUPPORT.

leading Republicans and Independents called at the house of Mr. Schieren, at No. 405 Clinton-ave., yesterday to offer their congratula tons and to assure him of hearty support. Mr. Sch. 181 tion, and that he confidently expected to win. Th the official notice of his nomination will wait upor committee is composed of S. B. Chittenden, B. F. Blair, Jacob Worth, W. W. Goodrich and Charles P. Morton. Campaign headquarters will at oncanvass of the city, speaking several times every

The fact that Mayor Boody is weighted down with the many municipal scandals of his administration and the burden of bad government, seriously handicaps him in the race. He will not be saved by the nomination of an entirely new list of Aldermen, of whom "The Brooklyn Eagle" can only say: "They ought to be better than the men whom they supplant, for they could not be worse." The lame attempt of General Catlin, who, since he deserted the Republican party after his defeat for Mayor has been allowed to speak as if he were the mouthpiece of Democracy, to belittle the facts which so seriously smirch the record of Mayor Boody, only served to make them more prominent. It is expected that the long-delayed effort to wipeout the damaging presentment of the Grand Jury of June against the Mayor will be the first move of his campaign. That Mayor Boody will be defeated by as many thousands of votes as he won by two years ago is the confident belief of all Reen and careful observers of the present political situation.

NOMINATIONS TO DE MADD, THE GUNNING. The fact that Mayor Boody is weighted down

NOMINATIONS TO BE MADE THIS EVENING. The Republicans in Brooklyn will continue making nominations to-day. This afternoon the three Aidermanic District Conventions will meet and name four District Aldermen each. The Hd Dis trict is now represented by Republicans, but not all of them will be renominated. This evening the adof them will be renominated. This evening the adjourned meeting of the Republican City Convention will be held at No. 151 Lawrence-st., and the seven Aldermen-at-Large will be nominated. The mames surgested on Saturday night were George R. Fornester, Ernest Jahn. E. Dwight Charch, W. H. N. Cadmus, Leonard Moody, Henry Ringhouse and James R. Howe. It is probable that some changes will be made in the list laffore it is completed. This evening also the Republican Senate nominations will be made in the five districts. Only the HIId District is surely Republican, and in this either Senator Joseph Aspinall or W. H. Reynolds will be named.

The Republican candidates for Sheriff and Supervisor-at-Large—W. J. Buttling and Colonel Michellcommend the County ticket to the support of all lovers of good government, and they will make an active canvass.

The second day of registration is Wednesday of this week. All nominations must be filed by that day.

There are more than 100,000 Repub leans in thi city. Do they want to see a criminal elected to the Court of Appeals? If they do not, then they will

MR CAYNOR'S COURSE NOT YET KNOWN The course of W. J. Gaynor in allowing the distribution of a circular at the Republican Con-vention on Saturday night saying he would ac ept a nomination for Mayor caused much com-nent. The members of the Citizens' Union are for Mayor. He has not yet given his answer in regard to the nomination for Judge of the Supreme Court offered to him by the Republicans, although the certificate of the nomination about his position in regard to the Mayoralts last evening and he said: "You know that i have objected to becoming an independent cand who are getting up the certificate from doing so if they are bound to do it. I requested then ot to. I told them that the Republican Con name. But they seemed to think on Saturday night that I was standing in my own way, are gave them a short letter of acquiescence, so they could not say that my attitude served to to Mr. Schieren, I think he is an able and honest citizen. The city is to be congratulated that a man has been selected as a candidate who, if elected, has the intelligence and honesty that it him to be the Mayor of a great city."

Mr. Gaynor declined to state what he would do about the nomination for Supreme Court Judge. He will act in the matter to-day, as a new nomination, to be legal, must be filed with the Secretary of State by to-morrow, and if he declines the committee must be called together to fill the place.

The Committee of Twenty-eight, to whom was referred the selection of candidates for Alderment-Large by the Republican City Convention, had a consultation yesterday, and there will be some changes in the list selected Saturday night. Mr. Schieren has been asked to approve of the names of the candidates who will run with him. to Mr. Schleren, I think he is an able and honest

Dr. Lyman Abbott preached the first of several sermons on municipal affairs in Plymouth Church nicipal affairs was urged in the sermon, and voters were charged to remember their solemn duties in going to the ballot-box to exercise their rights as chizens. The election of officials who will perform their whole duty was earnestly advocated. The Rev. E. Homer Wellman devoted his evening sermon at the Church of the Atonement, in South Brooklyn, last evening, to the purposed prize-fight at Coney Island. His topic was, "What shall we bo About it?" and he denounced the attitude of John Y. McKane in the matter. The Rev. A. C. Dixon preached in the Harrison place Baptist Church last evening upon "Politics, Puglism and Power."

CROKER'S CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION NOMINEES.

The following candidates for delegates to the Cor stitutional Convention were nominated on Satur-iay night by the Tammany Senate conventions: VII-William C. Waltney, Wright Holcomb, De Lancey

VIII-John Bigelow, Surrogate Frank T. Fitzgerald, Merris Tekulsky, president of the State Liquor Dealers' Association, Judge Leonard T. Glegerich and Elliot Sand-IX Joseph H. Ohmels, Police Justice Joseph Koch

X.-Robert E. Beyo, M. Warley Platzek, Francis Forbes, Nelson J. Waterbury and William F. Burr-XI--William T. Ryan, John F. Carroll, Tammany leader of the XVIth Assembly District; Peter J. Dooling, Tam-many leader of the XVIIth Assembly District, and a liquor dealer; Thomas Smith and Quarantine Commissioner based F. Allen.

arles F. Allen. XII-Nelson Smith, chairman Tammany Hall Ger

Committee: William McMurtrle Speer, Editor of "The Albany Argus"; Jacob Marts, John D. Crimmins and David McClure.

XIII-Andrew H. Green, Thomas Gilrean, Joseph L. teen, Eugene Durnin and James P. Campbell. XIV-Postmaster Charles W. Dayton, Michael J. Mul-

queen, John A. Deady, Stephen S. Blake and Ch S. Truax. A CAMPAIGN LIE ANSWERED

CHAIRMAN DICK'S QUICK RESPONSE.

LOOSE TALK OF A DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE IN OHIO-FOREIGNERS WORKING FOR FREE

TRADE. Columbus, Ohio, Oct. 15 (Special).-The Democratic candidates and stump speakers, especially Colonel W. A. Taylor, who aspires to be Lieutenant-Gov ernor, have been circulating some wonderful tales about the conduct of the Republican campaign. It has been the policy of Governor McKinley's advisers to let pass unheeded these base fabrications, relying upon the good judgment of the people of Ohio to reject them because of their well-known untruthfulness and the source from which they emanated. In his speech last Saturday, however, Mr. Taylor charged that Major Charles Dick, chairman of the Republican State Executive Committee, had written letters to manufacturers requesting them to keep their factories closed until after th comes back at the Democratic candidate in vigorous language. He says:

The whole story is a lie, a gross fabrication without the slightest foundation in truth. Coming from W. A. Taylor I would deem it unworthy of notice, he being irresponsible in regard to any statement he may make upon the stump; but it is an unfortunate fact that thousands of good citizens who do not know Taylor personally give some credence to what he, as the Democratic candidate for Lieutenant-Governor, may say Taylor asserts that one of the letters was fished out of the wastebasket of a prominent Akron manmeets this assertion with a challenge, in which or any one connected with the committee ever wrote a letter which in the remotest degree conveys even a suggestion that the shops be kept closed. He names Lawrence T. Neal, the Democratic candidate for Governor, and J. P. Seward, chairman of pledging himself to forfeit the amount if they will submitted of the existence of such a letter. There managers have been guilty of forgery in their efforts to conteract the tide that is running so strongly against them. The challenge and vigor consternation at the Democratic State headquar ers, but they have made no attempt to back up the statements of their candidate for Lieutenant

aterview made some damaging statements, in

interview made some damaging statements, in which he shows that the condition of things in Ohlo is due to the fear of free trade.

"It is a remarkable and significant fact," said Chairman Dick, "that while the American business world is alarmed and demoralized at the prospect, of Free Trade, foreign manufacturers and foreign merchants are taking an active hand in bringing Free Trade about. I do not make a reckless assertion when I say that foreign manufacturers and dealers are striving to secure possession of the American market, and are organizing to defeat McKinley and to bring about Free Trade. I have in my possession, which I will show to anybody who calls upon me, a copy of a letter signed by Leon Chotteau, a delegate of a committee in France, who is also a member of the Coblen Club of England, addressed to William L. Wilson, chairman of the Ways and Means Committee of the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States. This letter is dated jointly at Washington, D. C., and at Parls, September 4, 1833.
"It is a demand for the repeal of the McKinley law, it starts out by saying. You have just accepted the high commission of preparing a new project of American customs tariff. There can be no doubt that you will be able to compass this difficult task in the well-ordered interest of the Inited States. France and the whole of Europe. As delegated member of the French committee organized in Parls for the repeal of the McKinley bill, allow me to write you these few lines. The letter is a plea for European countries and is signed by a number of French merchants and publicists."

"Have you any idea of the number of unemployed."

publicists."

"Have you any idea of the number of unemployed in Ohio to-day?"

"After a careful canvas, a conservative estimate would fix the number at 175,001. Based upon the crop of 1832, taking the opening prices of last season, the farms of Ohio have lost \$11,525,000 on wheat: \$1,525,000 on wheat: \$1,500,000 on wool; and the loss in wages and depreciation in values will aggregate throughout the county an amount equal to the cost of putting down the Rebellion."

LABOR MEN SPURN TAMMANY GORER'S OFFER TO PUT TWO OF THEIR CAN DIDATES ON HIS CONSTITUTIONAL CON-VENTION TICKET REJECTED.

the Trade and Labor Conference, at the Interna-tional Labor Exchange, No. 257 East Tenth-st. The steps toward securing a representation of organized labor at the coming Constitutional Convention.

The meeting yesterday was held for the purpose of The meeting yesterday was held for the purpose of receiving the report of the Committee on Ways and Means. The first statement in the report was that the committee had rejected advances by a strong political party to give to the workingmen two candidates on its ticket. The report then made several recommendations. The committee recommended that the Conspiracy law be repealed, that the "initiative" and "referendum" be introduced, and that the city of New-York be empowered to build rapid transit railroads. At the close of the committee's report Henry Weismann, a member of the committee, sald:

At a meeting of the Committee on Ways and Means Joseph Stiner, of Tammany Hall, called and said that

Joseph Stiner, of Tammany Hall, colled and said that two of their candidates were placed on the Tammany Hall ticket as delegates to the Constitutional Convention. He said that he would give the committee until Friday to answer. After Stiner had withdrawn the committee consulted over the offer and decided to have nothing to dewith Mr. Croker or with the organization he controls.
The other members of the committee then directed me to write to Mr. Stiner and inform him that organized labor

The report of the committee was indorsed. Forty-five delegates to the convention were nominated. Their names will be printed on the ballots of the People's party.

WORKINGMEN AFTER M'CARREN.

There is considerable indignation over the re-nomination of Senator Patrick McCarren, of the Fourteenth Ward, Brooklyn, among the laboring people of the Eastern District, Yesterday a rousing meeting under the auspices of the Local As-sembly No. 8,981. Knights of Labor, was held on Grand-st., near Wythe-ave. John Bergen, master workman of the Assembly, presided. In calling he meeting to order he referred to McCarren as hould not receive their support. The following reso-

Carren has been friendly with Mr. Pinkerton, securing con playment for detectives during the famous struggle made at Homestead, Penn., by workingmen for their rights,

of the long-horemen at the Williamsburg supar re-fuerles, doing his best to fill the places of the striker

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dent with requests, but he insists that Senator Voorhees shall not dictate the appointment of ex-Judge Jump, the law partner of ex-Congressman Lamb, who is the Senator's protege, and who, it is believed by Brookshire, will use the Revenue force to help him, Lamb, capture the nomination for Congress next year. There will be a split in the party in the Senator's district unless a compromise man is appointed.

REVOLT IN RICHMOND COUNTY. CLEVELAND DEMOCRATS FORM A STRONG ORGANIZATION IN OPPOSITION TO THE MACHINE.

The political bosses of Richmond County are thoroughly alarmed by a citizens' movement which has over 2,000 adherents. During the last two weeks the Cleveland men have held meetings in every district and town in the county, and the outcome is that a thoroughly organized Democratic body has been perfected throughout the entire The movement is supported by many of the best and most prominent citizens of the cou including Frederick Bachmann, County Clerk C. A. Hart, Ex-Assemblymen John Croak and D. T. Cornell, Ex-Supervisors C. A. Herpich and Julius Credo and Judge W. J. Powers.

The County Committee, composed of the chair-men of the various districts, is as follows: Castleton-James D. Van Hoevenberg, George Clark, Howard R. Bayne, E. A. Bourne, William F. Dwyer, William J. Gorman, F. W. Janssen, Henry Harmon Neill, John DeMorgan, James Wheeler, John W. Sheehan, P. J. Connolly, Charles M. Bald win, Wallace Murray, Middletown-Thomas C. Englebrecht, Julius Credo, P. Donnelly, Gustave A. Mayer, John T. Oates, William Haran, John C. Smith, Adrien G. Funck, Charles W. Ebermann. Southfield—George Bringolf, William Allaire Shortt,
John Harden, D. T. Cornell, George J. Greenfield.
Northfield—Horatio Judah, J. Sterling Drake, John
Croak, J. Travis King, James Walsh, Simpson
Braisted, Westlield—S. Wedd Hopping, Charles
Bogardus, Ir., Albert F. Richards, John H. Graham,
James W. Henderson, Eugene K. Dixon.
The following prominent men compose the Executive Committee: Howard R. Bayne, chairman;
William Allaire Shortt, treasurer; Henry Harmon
Nelli, secretary; James D. Van Hoevenberg, chairman of Castleton town committee; Adrien G.
Funck, Middletown town committee; D. T. Cornell,
Southfield town committee; John Croak, of Northfield; James Wheeler of Castleton: James W. Henderson, of Westlield; John T. Oates, of Middletown, and F. W. Janssen, of Castleton.
The newly formed organization will place an independent ticket in the field at the coming election. Southfield-George Bringolf, William Allaire Shortt,

A DEMOCRATIC NOMINATION DECLINED. Camden, N. J., Oct. 15 .- Joseph I. Morris, Demo cratic nominee for State Senator, declined the nomination to-day. Frank Lee Dickinson was selected in his place by the Nominating Committee.

POPULIST NOMINATIONS IN ERIE. Buffalo, Oct. 15 (Special).-The People's party has lecided to take a hand in the lively political fight which will take place in this county next month At conventions held at Wales Centre yesterday Borden J. Cole was nominated for Senator from the XXXIst District by the Populists. Sheridan Moore was nominated for Member of Assembly from the Vth Eric District and L. L. Thompson for member of Assembly from the Vith District.

JOHN MOST'S WIFE HAS SMALLPOX.

THE COMPANION OF THE ANARCHISTIC EDITOR TABEN TO NORTH BROTHER ISLAND.

One of the three cases of smallpox reported yesterday by the Bureau of Contagious Diseases is invested with more than usual interest. Lizzie Most, the reputed wife of John Most, is the last on the list of smallpox patients at North Brother before Emma Goldmann, Berkmann and Timmer-mann his voice was the most potent among the apostles of frowsy disorder. He has served eighteen months in the London House of Correction and twelve months in New-York's penitentiary as a sacrifice to his principles. But of late years the pace set by Emma Goldmann and others of the younger school has grown too rapid for him, and he has fallen into disuse. Just now, it is said, he is in quarantine-shut up in his own

disease is not known, but on Thursday night she returned home, after a visit to some friends livreturned home, after a visit to some friends liv-ing on the East Side, and complained of feeling sick. Her illness grew worse on Friday, and John Most, too busy in launching thunderbolts at the police through his paper, "The Freiheit," to attend to sick women, asked neighbors in the attend to sick women, asked neighbors in the house to lock after her. Most's home is at No. 266 William-st. a three-story apartment house, and filled with tenants. It was not until Friday night that any one suspected smallpox. On Saturday af-ternoon a physician was called, and at once re-ported the case to the Bureau of Contagious Discasses.

ported the case to the Bareau of Diseases.

By this time the woman had developed all the symptoms of virulent smallpox, and at 1:30 yesterday morning was removed to North Brother Island. Mr. Most could not be found in his office, No. 167 William-st. yesterday, and there is scarcely any doubt that he is a prisoner under surveillance in the infected house. The other cases were those of Aaron Ratther, four months old, No. 82 East Broadway, and John Stevens, fifteen months, No. 36 Cherry-st.

DEFENDING THE EPISCOPAL CHURCH. ARCHDEACON RIERBY ANSWERS THE CHARGES

OF ENCLUSIVENESS AND INTOLERANCE MADE AGAINST IT.

Archdeacon Kirkby, in his sermon to the con gregation at Rye yesterday, attacked the state-ments recently made in a letter to the Editor, pub-

lished in The Tribune of Friday last, concerning the Episcopal Church. The letter said: the Episcopal Church. The letter said:

The Episcopal Church alone of all churches stands wholly aloof from all others, and wrapping around itself the flimsy and tattered mantle of Apostolic Succession and exclusive genuine divine authority and ordination, which its own best scholars repudiate, says: "You are, all of you, all wrong." It is on this basis that it refuses to recognize other clergymen as such, that it organizes a St. Andrew's Society instead of working with the Y. M. C. A., that its young people take no part in the Society for Christian Endeavor, and that, copying from the King's Daughters, it starts an exclusively Episcopal society called the Daughters of the King; showing everywhere a purpose to flock by itself, and not join as other sects are doing in work for humanity on broad Christian lines.

of the longshoromen at the Williamsburg supar refugerles, doing his best to fill the places of the strikers with scale, and Whereas, If these charges be true in any degree, McCarren would be motorlously until to represent a workingman's district in the Senate of the State of New-Vork: therefore be it.

Resolved, That the chair appoint a committee of three to investigate these charges and report at the next meeting.

SQUABBLE OVER AN INDIANA OFFICE.

Terre Haute, Ind., Oct. 15 (Special).—The Collector of Internal Revenue here, Mr. Throop, has received a request from Secretary Carlisie for his resignation, which request will be compiled with this week. In the appointment of a successor President Cleveland must decide between Congressman Brookshire and Senator Voorhees, a decision delayed by the President up to this time, owing to the embarrassing position in which he is placed by reason of Senator Voorhees's attitude in the silver fight. The President has said to men who talked with him on the subject that he was embarrassed on that score, Brookshire was an original Cleveland man and has not bothered the President Cleveland man and has not bothered

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away from it. We have not copied from the King's Daughters. The Daughters of the King was started a year before the King's Daughters was organized.

MURDERED A SQUAW FOR HER MONEY.

Buffalo, N. Y., Oct, 15.—Jasper Logan, a young Indian of Seneca descent, was locked up in the Eric County jail here this morning, charged with the murder of the squaw, Mary Jack Spruce, at Newton on the Cattaraugus Reservation, last Friday night. The squaw's money was hidden under the hed in her house. This pouch had been torn from her in the struggle, taken outside and then rifled of

THE WEATHER REPORT.

FROSTS, FOLLOWED BY WARMER WEATHER. Washington, Oct. 15.—The barometer has risen rapidly cart of the Mississippi River. An area of high barometer occupies the central valleys, the take regions and the Gulf States. West of the Mississippi River the barometer has falles, end a disturbance of slight energy occupies Montana. The temperature has fallen in the Atlantic Coast States, and has riven from the Mississippi River over the Rocky Mountain plateau region. Rain has fallen over the lower lake region, and thence over northern

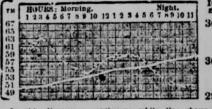
weather has been fair.
Generally fair weather is indicated, except oven
Northern New-York and Northern New-England, where
rain will be followed by clearing weather. Cooler weather, with frosts Monday morning, will be followed in the Middle, South Atlantic and Gulf States by slowly dising temperature. The temperature will also be higher in the central valleys and lake region.

DETAILED FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For New-England and Eastern New-York, fair, pre-ceded by showers in north portions of Maine, New-Hamp-shire, Vermont and Eastern New-York; cooler near the coasts of Maine, New-Hampshire and Massachusetts; west

Maryland, Virginia and the District of Columbia, fair; west winds becoming variable. For West Virginia, Western Penesylvania, Western New-York and Onlo, fair; warmer; variable winds.

TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.



Tribune Office, Oct. 16, 1 a. m.—The weather yesterday was fair and much cooler. The temperature ranged between 49 and 63 degrees, the average (55%) being 11% degrees lower than on Saturday, and 7% lower than on the corresponding day last year.

In and near New-York the weather to-day is likely to be fair and cooler, probably with frost, followed by rather warmer weather.

EXCURSIONS TO COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION.

Next popular Pennsylvania Raliroad ten-day, \$18
coach excursion. October 17, including Manhattan
bay. Special Manhattan Day caach excursions
October 18 and 13 at \$15 for round trip. Tickets
good to return October 23 and 24. Tourist agent on
train. Special coaches for ladies and families.
Allegheny Mountains by daylight. Only one night
on train. Leave New-1ork 9 a. m., arrive Chicago
following day 2 p. va. Last \$18 coach excursion
October 21. that are absolutely safe, give the most light, easily lighted, with a perfect way of calsing the wick, easy to reside, wick need not be "trimmed," chinners do not break. Before buying lamps take the little time necessary to see this perfect Lamp. "The Miller," if please the will not get it for you, you can lany at please READ. Yerk, at 0 and 12 College Place (near Park leafs), festion, which are "I," read, season, Mass, or at our store in Ser. Prace Station, of a very lamped of the park that the same light as beautiful designs costing all the way up Lamp, for we make pain designs that sed at \$2,00 each, that give the same light as beautiful designs costing all the way up to \$10 upon. We are the largest manufacturers of lamps in the United States. Established 1844. Send for circular.